SIEMENS

Technical Instructions

Document No. 155-187P25 EA GDE/GLB-1 November 30, 2005

OpenAir™ Electric Damper Actuators

GDE/GLB Series Non-spring Return Rotary 24 Vac - Modulating Control 0 to 10 Vdc







The OpenAir direct coupled 24 Vac non-spring return rotary electric actuators are designed for modulating control of dampers.

Features

- · Compact, lightweight design
- Self-adapting capability for maximum flexibility in damper positioning
- Manual override
- Offset and slope adjustment models available
- Independently adjustable dual auxiliary switches available
- cUL and UL listed; C € certified

Application

These actuators are used in constant or variable air volume installations for control of HVAC dampers requiring up to 44 lb-in (5 Nm) or 88 lb-in (10 Nm) of torque.

Product Numbers

Table 1. 24 Vac Operating Voltage.

Torque	Cabling	Standard	Slope/Offset Adjustable	Dual Auxiliary Switches and Slope/Offset Adjustable	Dual Auxiliary Switches Only
	Plenum	GDE161.1P			
44 lb-in (5 Nm)		GDE161.1P/B (24 pk)	GDE163.1P	GDE164.1P	GDE166.1P
44 10-111 (3 14111)		GDE161.1T	_	_	_
	Terminal Strip	GDE161.1T/B (24 pk)	_	_	_
88 lb-in (10 Nm)	Plenum	GLB161.1P	GLB163.1P	GLB164.1P	GLB166.1P

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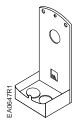
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Specifications	Operating voltage (G-G0)		24 Vac +20%, -15	5%
•	Frequency		50/60 Hz	
Power Supply	Power consumption		3.3 VA	
Control signal	Input signal (Y-G0)			
3	Voltage-input		0 to 10 Vdc	
	Input resistance		100K ohms	
Feedback signal	Position output signal (U–C	GO)		
	Voltage-output		0 to 10 Vdc	
	Maximum output c	urrent	DC 1 mA	
Equipment rating	Rating:		Class 2 according	to UL, CSA
Equipment rating 5			Class III per EN60730	
Auxiliary features	Control signal adjustmer	it		
Adamai y Touturoo	Offset (start point)		Between 0 to 5 Vdc	
	Slope (span)		Between 2 and 30 Vdc	
	Dual auxiliary switch conta	ct rating	4A resistive, 2A inductive 24 Vac/24 Vdc 12 to 30 Vdc DC 2A	
	Voltage	-		
	DC rating			
	9			
	Switch Range			
	Switch A		0 to 90° with 5° in	tervals
	Recomme	nded range usage	0 to 45 °	
	Factory se	tting	5°	
	Switch B		0 to 90° with 5° in	tervals
	Recomme	nded range usage	45° to 90°	
	Factory se	tting	85°	
	Switching hysteres	is:	2°	
Function	Torque			
	GDE		44 lb-in (5 Nm)	
	GLB		88 lb-in (10 Nm)	
	Runtime for 90° opening or	· closing		
	GDE		90 sec. at 60 Hz ((108 sec. at 50 Hz)
	GLB		125 sec. at 60 Hz	(150 sec. at 50 Hz)
	Nominal angle of rotation		90°	
	Maximum angular rotation		95°	
Mounting	Shaft size: Minimum shaft	length 3/4-inch (20 m	m)	
	3/8 to 5/8 inch 8 -16 mm	1/4 to 1/2 inch 6 - 12.7 mm	1	9/16 inch 15 mm
	_	Figure 1. Acceptable	s Chaft Circa	10 111111

Specifications, continued	Enclosure:	NEMA Type 2 IP54 according to EN60529		
Housing	Material:	Durable plastic		
	Gear lubrication:	Silicone-free		
Ambient conditions	Ambient temperature			
	Operation:	-25°F to 130°F (-32°C to 55°C)		
	Storage and transport:	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)		
	Ambient humidity (non-condensing):	95% rh		
Agency certification		UL listed to UL873		
	Standard	cUL certified to Canadian C22.2 No. 24-93		
C € conformity	In accordance with the directive set forth by the European Union for			
•	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC):	89/336/EEC		
	Emissions standards:	EN 50081-1		
	Immunity standards:	EN 50082-2		
Miscellaneous	Pre-cabled connection:	18 AWG		
	Cable length:	3 feet (0.9m)		
	Life cycle:	Designed for over 60,000 full strokes and a minimum of 1.5 million repositions at rated torque and temperature		
	Dimensions:	See Figure 22		
	Weight:	1.06 lb (0.48 kg)		

Accessories

NOTE: The auxiliary switches cannot be added in the field. Order the product number that includes this option. See Table 1.



ASK76.1U Provides connection between the actuator and conduit.

Figure 2. Conduit adapter.



ASK71.5 Allows a direct-coupled actuator to provide an auxiliary linear drive.

Figure 3. Rotary to linear.

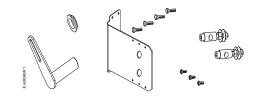


Figure 4. Rotary to linear with bracket.

ASK71.6 Allows economical mounting of an OpenAir actuator to a variety of surfaces.

Should be used in applications where the actuator can be rigid-surface mounted and a linear stroke output is needed.

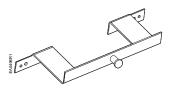


Figure 5. Tandem Mount Bracket.

ASK73.1 Bracket provides extended anti-rotation pin allowing two OpenAir actuators to directly drive a single damper shaft. For use with two- and three-position actuators.



Figure 6. Shaft insert.

ASK78.3U Shaft insert for use with 3/8-inch (8 to 10 mm) diameter shafts. (10/pk). Included in box with GDE/GLB series.

NOTE: Factory-installed 1/2-inch

guide must be removed prior to installation.

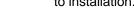




Figure 7. 1/2-inch Shaft Guide.

985-101P25:

Shaft guide, 1/2-inch (25/pk). Factory installed with GDE/GLB Series.

Actuator Components

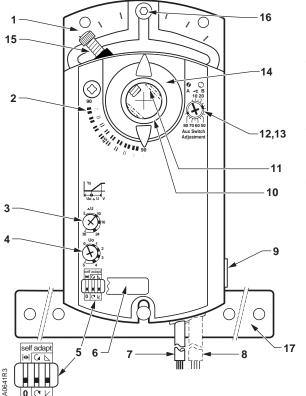


Figure 8. Parts of the Actuator.

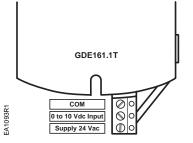


Figure 9. Special Features of Terminal Strip Model.

Legend

- 1. Base plate
- 2. Positioning scale for angle of rotation
- 3. Slope adjustment
- 4. Offset (start point) adjustment
- 5. DIP switches
- 6. Cover for DIP switches
- 7. Connection cables
- 8. Connection cables
- 9. Manual override
- 10. Coupling bushing
- 11. Factory installed 1/2-inch guide
- 12. Auxiliary switch A
- 13. Auxiliary switch B
- 14. Position indicator
- Adjustment lever with locking screw (4 mm hex)
- 16. Set screw for mechanical range stop (4 mm hex)
- 17. Mounting bracket

GDE161.1T

This model uses a terminal strip for connection purposes rather than cable connections (7,8).

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Operation

A continuous 0 to 10 Vdc signal from a controller to wire 8 (Y) operates the damper actuator. The angle of rotation is proportional to the control signal. A 0 to 10 Vdc position feedback output signal is available between wire 9 (U) and wire 2 (G0) to monitor the position of the damper motor.

In the event of a power failure, the actuator holds its position. In the event that only the control signal is lost, the actuator returns to the "0" position.

Life expectancy

An improperly tuned loop will cause excessive repositioning that will shorten the life of the actuator.

Control signal adjustment

GDE/GLB163.1P and GDE/GLB164.1P: For sequencing and the electronic limitation of the angle of rotation.

Use the Uo potentiometer to set the offset (start point) between 0 to 5 Vdc. Use the ΔU potentiometer to set the slope (span) between 2 to 30 Vdc.

NOTE: The Y input is limited to a maximum of 10 Vdc. If the sum of the offset and slope setting is greater than 10V, the angle of rotation is reduced providing the feature of electronic limitation of the angle of rotation.

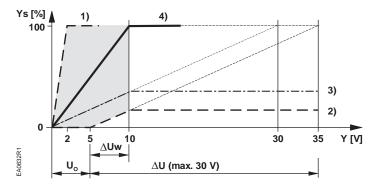


Figure 10.

Ys Actuator position (100% = angle of rotation 90°*)

Y Control input signal

Uo Offset (start point)

∆U Slope

∆Uw Active voltage range (Ys changes)

30 24

OFFSET, Uo

Setting for 10V slope 0 Vdc offset

Figure 11.

Table 2.

	Examples in Figure 3	Uo Offset Vdc	∆U Slope Vdc	Active Voltage Range Vdc	Ys Actuator Position
1.	Minimum slope	0	2	0 to 2	0 to 100%
2.	Limitation of rotation	5	30	5 to 10	0 to 16.7%
3.	Limitation of rotation	0	30	0 to 10	0 to 33.3%
4.	Setting shown in Figure 4	0	10	0 to 10	0 to 100%

^{*} When the mechanical limitation of the angle of rotation and self-adapt function are ON, 100% does not equal 90°.

Operation, continued

Determine the setting needed to electronically limit the angle of rotation between 0 to 50% (0 to 45°) using a 2 to 10 Vdc input.

Control signal adjustment example:

Calculating the value of ΔU :

$$\Delta U = \frac{100[\%]}{\text{working angle}} \times (10[Vdc] - Uo[Vdc]) = \frac{100\%}{50\%} \times (10Vdc - 2Vdc) = 16Vdc$$
of rotation Ys [%]

Settings: Uo = 2 Vdc;

 $\Delta U = 16 \text{ Vdc}$

Electronic limitation

angle of rotation $Ys=50\% (45^\circ)$ Slope $\Delta U=16V$

Active voltage range $\Delta Uw = 2$ to 10 Vdc

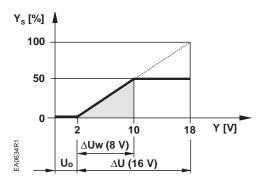


Figure 12. Example.

Auxiliary switches

GDE/GLB164.1P and GDE/GLB166.1P

Figure 13 shows the adjustable switching values for the auxiliary switches A and B.

Actuator Scale:
clockwise

Adjustment range for Switches A and B Setting interval: 5° Switching hysteresis: 2°

Actuator Scale:
counterclockwise

Actuator Scale:
counterclockwise

Actuator Scale:
counterclockwise

Actuator Scale:
counterclockwise

Figure 13. Adjustable Switching Values for the Dual Auxiliary Switches.

NOTE: The auxiliary switch setting shafts rotate with the actuator. The scale is valid only when the actuator is in the "0" position on clockwise motion.

Use the long arm of the X to point to the position of switch A. Use the narrower tab on the red ring to point to the position of switch B.

Dual in-line package (DIP) switches

Raise the protective cover from left to right to locate the DIP switches. See Figure 2 for the location of the cover.

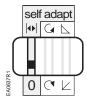


Figure 14. Self-adapt Switch.

The factory setting is 0 (OFF).

When mechanical angle of rotation is limited, the self-adapt switch may be turned ON $| \P |$ so that the limited range will become the new 0 to 100% for the actuator logic. In this case, 0 to 100% is not equal to 90°



CAUTION:

When turning the self-adaptive feature on or after a software reset with the feature on, the actuator will enter a five-minute calibration cycle as the actuator adjusts to the rotation limits of the system. A software reset happens after power on or may be caused by electrostatic discharge (ESD) at levels of 2kV and above.

The position output signal U is not influenced by the self-adapt function. The 0 to 10V feedback signal U is always proportional to 0 to 90° (or 90 to 0°)



The factory setting is clockwise.

The direction of rotation switch should match the damper rotation movement.

Figure 15.
Direction of
Rotation Switch.

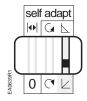


Figure 16. Output Signal Switch.

The factory setting is direct acting.

As the clockwise angle of rotation increases, the output voltage increases.

If the direction of rotation is counterclockwise, the output signal switch should be set at reverse acting to match the direction of the rotation switch.

NOTE: Feedback not available on terminal strip models.

Sizing

The type of actuator required depends on several factors.

- 1. Obtain damper torque ratings (ft-lb/ft² or Nm/m²) from the damper manufacturer.
- 2. Determine the area of the damper.
- 3. Calculate the total torque required to move the damper:

Total Torque =
$$\frac{\text{Torque Rating} \times \text{Damper Area}}{\text{SF}^1}$$

¹Safety Factor: When determining the torque of an actuator required, a safety factor should be included for unaccountable variables such as slight misalignments, aging of the damper, etc. A suggested safety factor is 0.80 (or 80% of the rated torque).

4. Select the actuator type from Table 3.

Table 3.

Total Torque	Actuator
<44 lb-in (5 Nm)	GDE16x
<88 lb-in (10 Nm)	GLB16x
<132 lb-in (15 Nm)	GEB16x
<177 lb-in (20 Nm)	GBB16x
<310 lb-in (35 Nm)	GIB16x
>310 lb-in >620 lb-in (35 Nm – 70 Nm)	Master/Slave actuators (See <i>Technical Instructions 155-542P2</i>)
	OR
	Use tandem mounting bracket ASK73.2U with any combination of GIB16x actuators.

Mounting and Installation

- Place the actuator on the damper shaft so that the front of the actuator is accessible. The label is on the front side. A mounting bracket is included with the actuator.
- The minimum damper drive shaft length is 3/4-inch (20 mm).
- Observe the service envelope around the actuator as shown in Figure 22.
- Detailed mounting instructions are included with each actuator.

E41002B1





1/2 Ø inch Factory-Installed Guide 3/8 Ø inch
Use the shaft insert supplied for any
3/8-inch (8 to 10mm) diameter shaft

5/8 Ø inch

Figure 17. Damper Shaft Sizes.

NOTE: For all damper shafts with the exception of the 1/2-inch round shaft: Remove 1/2 Ø inch guide before installation.

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Manual override

To move the damper blades and lock the position with no power present:

- 1. Slide the red manual override knob toward the back of the actuator.
- 2. Make adjustments to the damper position.
- 3. Slide the red manual override knob toward the front of the actuator.

Once power is restored, the actuator returns to automated control.

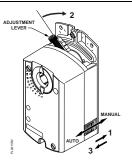
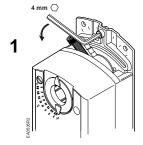


Figure 18. Manual Override.

Mechanical range adjustment

To mechanically limit the range of the damper blade.

- 1. Loosen the stop set screw.
- 2. Move the screw along the track to the desired position, and fasten it in place.



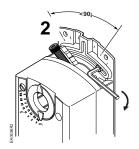


Figure 19. Moving the Mechanical Range Stop.

To use the entire 0 to 10V input signal to control the mechanically limited range, see Figure 7 for setting self-adaptive features.

Example:

Stop set screw at 70° Self-adapt switch ON Input signal Y = 5 Vdc

The damper will be at 35° (50% of the adjusted range.)

NOTE: On versions with the slope and offset features, this example assumes Offset Uo = 0 Vdc Slope Δ U= 10 Vdc

Wiring

- All wiring must conform to NEC and local codes and regulations.
- Use earth ground isolating step-down Class 2 transformers. Do not use autotransformers.
- The sum of the VA ratings of all actuators and all other components powered by one transformer must not exceed the rating of the transformer.
- It is recommended that one transformer power no more than ten actuators.



WARNING:

All six outputs of the dual auxiliary switch (A and B) must only be connected to: Class 2 voltage (UL/CSA).

Separated Extra-Low Voltage (SELV) or Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV) (according to HD384-4-41) for installations requiring **C** € conformance.



WARNINGS:

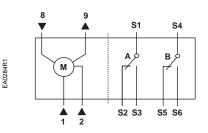
Installations requiring **C** € Conformance:

- All wiring for CE certified actuators must be "Separated Extra Low Voltage" (SELV) or "Protective Extra Low Voltage" (PELV) rated per HD384-4-41.
- Use safety-isolating transformers (Class III transformer) per EN61558.
 They must be rated for 100% duty cycle.
- Overcurrent protection for supply lines is maximum 10A.

Wiring Designations

Each wire has the standard symbol printed on it.

24 Vac power supply 0 to 10V modulating control



Standard Symbol	Function	Terminal Designation	Color
1	Supply (SP)	G	Red
2	Neutral (SN)	G0	Black
8	0 to 10V input signal	Y	Gray
9	Output for 0 to 10 Vdc position indication	U	Pink

Table 4.

Factory-Installed Options						
S1	Switch A Common	Q11	Black			
S2	Switch A - N.C.	Q12	Black			
S3	Switch A - N.O.	Q14	Black			
S4	Switch B - Common	Q21	Black			
S5	Switch B - N.C.	Q22	Black			
S6	Switch B - N.O.	Q24	Black			

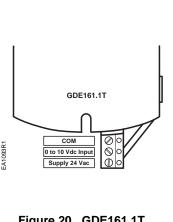
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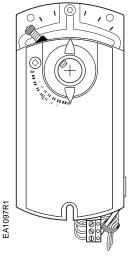
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Wiring Designations, Continued

GDE161.1T





NOTES:

- The GDE161.1T does not provide a feedback signal.
- Maximum wire size 14 AWG.
- The open bracket to the right of the actuator terminal strip is the strain relief for the customer provided control wires. Secure the wires to the actuator bracket with a tie wrap as shown in Figure 21.

Figure 20. GDE161.1T Terminal Strip Wiring Connections.

Figure 21. GDE161.1T Strain Relief.

Start-Up/ Commissioning

- 1. Check that the wires are connected correctly.
- 2. Check that offset and slope are set correctly, if used.
- 3. Check that the direction of rotation switch matches the rotation of the damper shaft.
- 4. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to a Digital Multimeter (DMM) with the dial set at AC V to verify that the operating voltage is within range.

Check operation:

- 1. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to the actuator.
- 2. Set the DMM dial to Vdc.
- Connect wires 2 (black) and 8 (gray) to the DMM.
- 4. Apply a full-scale input signal (10 Vdc) to wire 8 (gray).
- 5. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
- 6. Disconnect wire 8 (gray) and the shaft coupling returns to the "0" position.

Check Feedback:

- 1. Set the DMM dial to Vdc.
- 2. Attach wires 2 (black) and 9 (pink) to the DMM.
- Apply a full-scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The reading at the DMM should increase.
- 4. Remove the signal from wire 8 (gray). The reading at the DMM should decrease and the actuator shaft coupling returns to the "0" position.

Check the Auxiliary Switch A:

- 1. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM.The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- 3. Apply a full-scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
- Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- Stop the signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.

Check the Auxiliary Switch B:

- 1. Set the DMM dial to ohms (resistance) or continuity check.
- Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- 3. Apply a full-scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.
- Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate open circuit or no resistance.
- 5. Stop the signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

Service



WARNING:

Do not open the actuator.

If the actuator is inoperative, replace the unit.

Dimensions

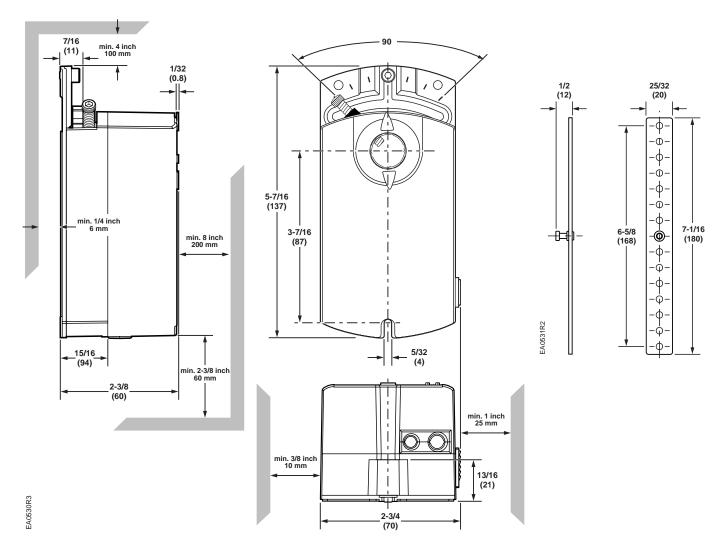


Figure 22. GDE/GLB Actuator and Mounting Bracket Dimensions in Inches (mm).

Dimensions, continued

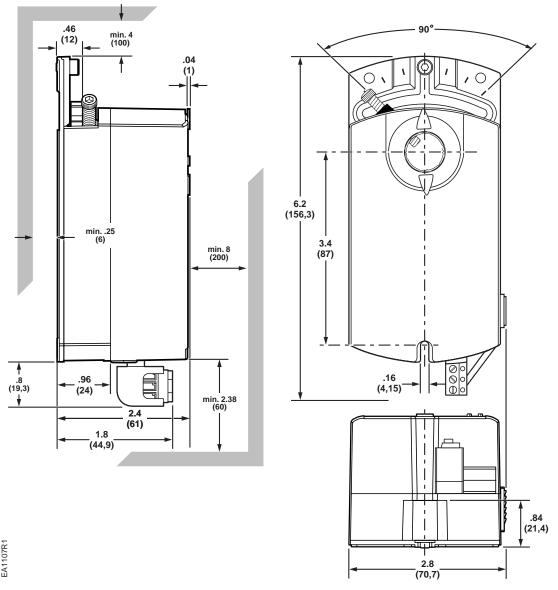


Figure 23. GDE161.1T Dimensions in Inches (mm).

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